

HOW AMOY AND

"YESSO,"  
 Ashton, will be despatched for the above  
 on THURSDAY, the 29th inst., at noon.  
 For Freight or Passage, apply to  
 DOUGLAS LAFFRAIK & Co.  
 10684 Hongkong, 26th June, 1871.  
 FOR SAIGON.  
 E Steamship  
 "AZOP,"  
 in Punched, will be despatched for the  
 Port on THURSDAY, the 29th instant,  
 For Freight or Passage, apply to  
 DOUGLAS LAFFRAIK & Co.  
 10685 Hongkong, 26th June, 1871.  
 FOR SHANGHAI  
 E American Ship  
 "ENDEAVOUR,"  
 Warand, will be despatched for the  
 port on or about the 8th proximo.  
 For Freight, apply to  
 RULL FURDON & Co.  
 1078 Hongkong, 26th June, 1870.  
 FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.  
 E 41 British Barque  
 "MARY HAMILTON,"  
 well, Master, having the greater portion  
 of cargo on board, will meet with early des-  
 patch for the above port.  
 For Freight or Passage, apply to  
 RUSSELL & Co.  
 10680 Hongkong, 26th June, 1871.  
 FOR SALE.

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1898: Hongkong, 26th June, 1871.

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF  
HONGKONG.**

**IN BANKRUPTCY.**

**NOTICE—HASEE ADEE MAHOMED**  
**SHERIFF** of Victoria, in the Colony of  
Hongkong, trader, having been adjudged Bank-  
rupt under a Provisional Order of Bank-  
ruptcy, filed in the Supreme Court of Hong-  
kong in Bankruptcy on the 23rd day of June,  
1871, is hereby required to surrender himself to  
Messrs Hastings Alexander & Co., the Roges-  
ters of the said Court, at the said meeting of  
Creditors, to be held before the said Roges-  
ters on the 6th day of July, 1871, at eleven

Hastings Alexander  
James and M. E.

Public Sitting will be appointed by the Court for the said Bankrupt to pass his examination, of which sitting notes will be made by the Hongkong and Shanghai Bankers, and the same to be read at the first meeting of Creditors the Registrar will receive: the Profits of the Debts of Creditors, and the Creditors may choose an Assignee or assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate.

Any person who has possession of any of the Effects of the said Bankrupt, must deliver the same to the Official Assignee, and the Costs of the said Bankrupt must be paid to the Official Assignee. [s= 1079]

RENDERS for Reprints to the "GAFING" will be received on board till noon, TO-MORROW, the 27th instant.

For particulars, apply to  
GILMAN & Co.

Hongkong, 23rd J

ANGKONG & CHINA GAS COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

COAL TAR.—Tenders will be received until the 27th inst., for the purchase of the surplus Tar made at the Works of the above Company for a period of one year, commencing from the 1st of July next.

Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. NEWTON,  
Manager.  
2d 1620 Hongkong, 15th June, 1871.

VICTORIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY  
OF HONGKONG, LIMITED,

NOTICE.

closed from the 16th  
inclusive.

**AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,**  
*Barteries,*  
*Victoria Insurance Company of Hongkong,*  
*Limited.*  
948 Hongkong, 2nd June, 1871.

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**Notices to Consignees.**

**AMERICAN SHIP ENDEAVOUR, FROM NEW YORK.**

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named vessel are requested to send in their Bills Lading for countersignature to the under- signed, and to take immediate delivery of their goods. Cargo impeding the Discharge will be loaded and stored at Consignees' risk and expence.

Consignees of *Optional Cargo* are requested to give early notice as to the intended destination.

Hongkong, 23rd J:

ONSIGNEES per N. O. S. Co.'s steamer  
*Nestor*, are hereby notified that the  
Cargo is being discharged into Craft, and the  
Shippers are to be held responsible for the cargo  
as it will be at Consignee's risk. The cargo  
is ready for delivery from Craft or Godown  
and after the 23rd inst.

Goods undelivered after 27th inst. will be  
forwards to Beut.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.

1061 Hongkong, 22nd June, 1871.

FROM BOMBAY.

THE Dutch Barque *Comet*, having arrived  
in harbour, Consignees of Goods by her  
requested to send in their Bills of Lading to  
Undersigned for countersignature, and to  
immediate delivery of the cargo. The  
Undersigned for the discharge will be handed

DOOLALLY EBR

and 1036 Hongkong, 20th June, 1871.  
**BRITISH SHIP WINDHOVER, FROM LONDON.**  
 SHIPPEES of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter signatures to the undersigned, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.  
**TURNER & Co., Agents.**  
 936 Hongkong, 21st June, 1871.  
**BRITISH SHIP WILLIAM RITSON, FROM LONDON.**  
 SHIPPEES of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter signatures to the undersigned, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.  
 Cargo impeding the discharge will be at

HOLLIDAY,  
W. L. - 2nd Div.

953 Hongkong, 2nd June, 1871.



## NOW READY.

**BOND VOLUMES OF THE TRADE REPORT**  
For the year 1870. Price \$10.  
Apply at the Daily Press Office.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1871.

## The Daily Press

HONGKONG, JUNE 26th, 1871.

The petition which has been forwarded to the House of Commons by the Edinburgh Chamber of Commerce, praying that a select Committee may be appointed to enquire into the state of British trading relations with China, will, it is to be hoped, be productive of very useful results. It might perhaps be wished that the first petition had come from a source more immediately interested in the China trade; but it is satisfactory that the Edinburgh Chamber possesses great influence, and a requisition from it will be considered likely to be treated with becoming respect; while there is reason to trust that this petition will be backed by similar petitions from the Manchester Chamber and from those of cities immediately concerned in the question. As an evidence that China and the China trade are attracting attention at home, this movement is reassuring. The nature of the questions proposed shows that the framers of the petition are very well informed on the subject; and if the suggestion which they make be carried out, there can be no doubt that a great step will have been taken towards some useful action in regard to the various vexed questions which have for the last five or six years brought forth so much hitherto unproductive discussion. The China question at home is something like the question of codifying the English Law. It is recognised as being of great interest and importance, but nobody is prepared with any propositions as to how to set about action. In regard to such questions everything which tends to their further discussion and elucidation is to be hailed as one step towards their final practical solution; and the present stirring of the water may be looked upon as likely to impress upon the Government that the matter is one with regard to which some practical action must be taken.

The appointment of a select Committee to enquire into the subject, is undoubtedly one of the best steps that can be adopted. The Government has repeatedly complained of a want of facts—somehow disingenuously we think, as the Reports from their own Consuls sent in from time to time have placed them in ample possession of the main facts connected with every question which has arisen in these parts. But in conformity with the proverb that "none are so blind as those who will not see," the Government have shown themselves singularly unimpressed by facts connected with a question which they scarcely disguised, was one that they desired if possible to set on one side. A Parliamentary Committee being appointed it will be easy to obtain full facts from the large number of old China residents who are now at home; and the advantage will be that, though it is possible to state unimpaired revelations made in Consular despatches or Reports, it will not be possible for the Government to ignore the plain results of the investigations of a Parliamentary Committee. The result will be that *solus solus* the Government will be compelled to base their policy with regard to China upon the actual state of affairs existing, and not upon theories founded chiefly upon the exigencies of the particular policy which the Government for the time being is desirous to pursue; and if only once the truth be properly known at home, there can be no doubt that a vast number of the commercial and other abuses now existing will be taken up, and steps for their amelioration be initiated on. As long as the Home Government does not move, and fails to show itself in earnest, we must look in vain for anything from Peking, whose whole policy is avowedly opposed to progress.

## POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

24th June.

Report James Russell, Esq.

Lee-sung-ling, who was charged on the 22nd instant, with having been found at 3:30 a.m. on that day by Apes Samsan, a watchman employed to take care of Tai-wong Lane, with a certain amount of the property of Wing Ahing, the master of the San-ice Chuan-yi, having the padlock by which the door had been secured in his hand, was sentenced to six months with hard labour. Evidence was given that the padlock unlocked he had entered to obey a call of nature, because he had no money to pay the fee at a public convenience. The heap of the door was not broken, nor was any key found in his person; the back code of the chandlery was quite positive that at dusk on the 21st instant he had looked the padlock of the store. Defendant could not produce any witnesses.

Nee-schow, of No. 73, Wing-look Buildings, was fined \$5, for having unlawfully obstructed the public road right across to the Fung-yai, by packing sugar thereon.

Nee-schow, of Nos. 102, 103, 104, 105, and 106, Queen's Road Central, were fined \$2, for similar offences, the obstruction of their creation being putting out boxes and other articles, and also doing carpenter's work on the foot-way.

Several cases were remanded until the 25th instant, to permit of further enquiries to be made and witnesses found. The list of petty offences was also read, and nothing of any interest to the public.

A cat show is shortly to be held at the Crystal Palace. A committee has been formed for the purpose, and preliminary arrangements are being made. The exhibition would no doubt prove very successful. It is only to be hoped that the committee will not be subjected to practical jokes, and that we shall not hear of sportive acts of this kind. The committee are now in a hamper, and sending them off addressed to the secretary of the show.

## SHANGHAI.

The Shanghai Hsien has issued a proclamation warning the Chinese against evading the local dues on opium.

Another interesting question has been argued in the Supreme Court—Are Chinese as other foreigners, with respect to the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, or have they special privileges?

The case arose out of an action which was pending against the Noma, for collision with a junk, and took the form of an application that the plaintiffs be required to deposit security for costs, a heavy amount, and that they should be required to pay the costs of the action.

The acting Chief Judge decided that they are foreigners, in the same sense as members of other nationalities, and must deposit the security.

## CHINESE LANG.

(N. O. Daily News.)

Another correspondence sends us another account of Chen-kwei-jui's adventure, written from a different point of view, and differing in the essential particulars of Chen's views, which is denied.

"With regard to Chen-kwei-jui, it is now alleged that the proposed riot at Yang-shue was instigated by Chen-kwei-jui. The circumstances are as follows: Chen-kwei-jui, who is exceptional as to be almost misanthropic, Chen-kwei-jui is suffering from delirium tremens, and the Viceroy has, in consequence, got another man to look after him, as he is afraid of him, in order to prevent him from instigating mischief. A nephew of his tried to rescue him, and for this purpose collected a mob of 1000 strong. The rescue was thwarted by the authorities, and Chen-kwei-jui was taken to the hospital, where he was treated with the best of care. Chen-kwei-jui is now in a bad state of health, and his being in a bad state of health, however the case may be, there is a guard kept round the house where Chen is, and it is not possible for anyone to visit him."

Chinking, June 16, 1871.

## A BILL FOR THE BETTER CONSERVATION

MENT AND REMEDY OF FALSE

COINAGE.

(Full Meeting.)

Among the common errors of the day is a very prevalent belief that the extra expenditure for the financial year just begun is all to be taken up by the next English month to Shanghai. We understand that she has been sold, it is stated for \$20,000, and is deliverable at that port.

There was another performance by the Burek Vapour Troupe on Saturday evening. The new feature in the programme was the dog-dance by Mr. Robert Stanford, which was creditably done. The troupe was introduced by Miss Nellie Homer and the talented writer, was repeated with great effect, and elicited hearty applause.

The long expected Report on the Police Force appears in Saturday's Gazette. It is dated January 1st, so it has evidently been a long time in the hands of the Government. Mr. Deane says that the state of crime and the condition of the Force are unsatisfactory. The disorganised condition of the Force is attributed chiefly to the difficulty in enlisting men in the Colony.

On Friday evening a Portuguese was walking past the Chinese Joss House in Hollywood Road, when he was accosted by two rowdy Europeans, who asked him to give them an alms. He refused, and they threatened to beat him. He ran away, and they followed him, and he was forced to give them some money. He was then released, and they went on their way.

The steamer *Yonging*, which left on Friday last to look for the *Albatross*, reports she arrived at 11 a.m. on the 24th at the place where the *Albatross* is drifting about on the north side of Hainan Island. She found that the wreckers had taken all the goods, and she was forced to take on board every cargo but what they could not carry. The ship was lying on her side, and the main deck, except a portion of the port side, broken up; the ship was in about three fathoms water in a small bay in the channel between the island and the mainland, into which place she had been driven by junks. The *Yonging* left the place without holding any communication with the shore, after an hour's examination of the wreck.

## FATAL CHOLERA EPIDEMIC AT BUENOS

AYRES.

When the *Olera* (which arrived in the *Mercaderes* 20th) left Buenos Ayres, the city had been again visited by a fearful epidemic, second only in its ravages to the cholera of 1837. The mortality was chiefly among the Italians and the natives. During the six days ending March 11th, the death rate was over 100 daily, but the weather had set in cooler, and it was hoped the worst had passed. Business had been almost suspended. About 60,000 persons had left the town, but the doctors and clergymen of all denominations were doing duty fearfully, and six of them had fallen victims to the epidemic.

## MEMORANDUM ON MIXED COURT JURISDICTION IN SHANGHAI.

The following memorandum, which appears in the British Consular Trade Reports for 1869 and 1870, and is written by Vice-Consul Furber, who has been sitting for over three years as Assessor in the Mixed Court at Shanghai, is one of the most valuable documents, which has been published as illustrative of the ways of dealing, unobscured, among the Chinese, both commercial and official. It is worthy of the most attentive perusal of all who are interested in Chinese affairs.

Since the date of my last Report, June 1868, 2,930 criminal cases have been before the Mixed Court. A large number of petty cases have also been disposed of without record.

The recorded cases embrace such crimes and offences as highway robbery, robbery, burglary, housebreaking, and the like, and also, smuggling, receiving stolen goods, adultery, and assault. A few examples may not prove uninteresting.

On the 20th May 1867, a "bracketed" young girl named Chen-Sue was brought into Court, and charged an old woman, named Chen-shih, with having inflicted the most heinous tortures on her. The girl, an inmate of a local hospital, was brought to the court to receive the advantage of some medicine, and had the elbow and knee joints ploughed away with a pair of Chinese knives in consequence. Other portions of her body were treated in the like fashion. The old woman, who was a native of the district, was brought to the court to receive the advantage of some medicine, and had the elbow and knee joints ploughed away with a pair of Chinese knives in consequence.

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## MEMORANDUM ON MIXED COURT JURISDICTION IN SHANGHAI.

The following memorandum, which appears in the British Consular Trade Reports for 1869 and 1870, and is written by Vice-Consul Furber, who has been sitting for over three years as Assessor in the Mixed Court at Shanghai, is one of the most valuable documents, which has been published as illustrative of the ways of dealing, unobscured, among the Chinese, both commercial and official. It is worthy of the most attentive perusal of all who are interested in Chinese affairs.

Since the date of my last Report, June 1868, 2,930 criminal cases have been before the Mixed Court. A large number of petty cases have also been disposed of without record.

The recorded cases embrace such crimes and offences as highway robbery, robbery, burglary, housebreaking, and the like, and also, smuggling, receiving stolen goods, adultery, and assault. A few examples may not prove uninteresting.

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## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

There has been a good demand for Patna, at \$577; Malwa, \$580; to \$585, per cwt. Patna on time, 40 days to arrive, \$580 to \$585.

June 26th, 1871.

The drug market has been quiet throughout the day, with a very small demand.

Patna, \$583; Malwa, \$580; to \$585, per cwt.

On London, Bank, 3 months, 4 1/4; Bank, 6 months, 4 1/2; Bank, 9 months, 4 3/4; Bank, 12 months, 4 1/2.

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## Notices of Firms.

**NOTICE.**  
M<sup>r</sup>. CHARLES JAMES HOLLIDAY is authorized to sign bills for the purchase of goods from the **HOLLIDAY, WISSE & Co.** in 949 Hongkong, 2nd June, 1871.

**NOTICE.**  
The Partnership heretofore existing between **WILLIAM CLARK BASTIAK and HENRY HOLMES WISE**, as Dental Surgeons, is this day dissolved by mutual consent and the effect of time.

**NOTICE.**  
**W. C. BASTIAK, D.D.S.**  
H. H. WISE, D.D.S.  
2nd 867 Hongkong, 9th May, 1871.

**NOTICE.**  
**M<sup>r</sup>. GEORGE HARRY** is authorized to sign bills for the purchase of goods from the **HOLLIDAY, WISSE & Co.** in 949 Hongkong, 2nd June, 1871.

**NOTICE.**  
**M<sup>r</sup>. THOMAS H. DE SILVER** is admitted a partner in our firm from the 1st of October, 1869.

**NOTICE.**  
**M<sup>r</sup>. WILLIAM HENRY MOORE and M<sup>r</sup>. OTTO FAIRBANK** have this day been admitted partners in our firm.

**NOTICE.**  
**LAMBERT ATKINSON & Co.**  
1258 Hongkong, 30th June, 1870.

**NOTICE.**  
**M<sup>r</sup>. E. W. VON BERGEN** has this day entered into partnership as Merchants and Commission Agents, with our firm, and is authorized to sign bills for the purchase of goods from the **HOLLIDAY, WISSE & Co.** in 949 Hongkong, 2nd June, 1871.

**NOTICE.**  
**M<sup>r</sup>. ADOLF STRACK** is authorized to sign bills for the purchase of goods from the **HOLLIDAY, WISSE & Co.** in 949 Hongkong, 2nd June, 1871.

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## Vessels Advertised as Loading.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	CAPTAIN	AT	FOR FOREIGN AFFAIR TO	TO BE DISPATCHED.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Sea Gull (etc.)	Andrew Shaw	Canton.	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Wharfedale	Quick dispatch.

## For Sale.

**SAYLE & CO.**  
SILK MERCHANTS, TAILORS, GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN,  
VICTORIA WALKIN AND EXCHANGE, BROADWAY, HONGKONG.

Respectfully announce that in anticipation of the early arrival of their SPRING STOCK, they have greatly reduced the prices of their WINTER GOODS, and are only asking for them the price which they could obtain from the public.

SILKS, FURS, FANCY, and SHIRTS, NORWICH REFS, all wool WINDBAYS, FLAIDS and CAMELS, JACKETS, Cloth, Velvet, Silk and Sateen.

The various CLANS on all Wool SHAWLS, LINEN COLLARS and CUFFS, Embroidered Lace COLLARS and CUFFS, the most approved styles.

In the Juvenile and Ladies' CLOTHING, and UNDERCLOTHING, will be found some special lines.

GENTS, UNDER VESTS, PANTS, OMBREANS, CARDIGAN JACKETS and VESTS, SLEEPING SUITS, DRESSING GOWNS.

Tailoring under the Superintendence of experienced CUTTERS.

Long COATS, Office do, Walking do, Dress SUITS, Light Tuxedo OVERCOATS.

Making to order, TWEED SUITS at very low prices.

The FURNISHING we have confidence in recommending that good values will be obtained.

Brussels & Tapestry CARPETS, Velvet Felt CARPETS.

A few made up Squares and Sofa CARPETS, OIL CLOTH for Halls, Passages, Stairs, &c.

Good MATTING and MATS, All Wool REPS and DAMASKS.

For Curtains, TABLE CLOTHS, a large assortment, The Elder Duvet QUILT, Carriage and Travelling BUGS.

SAYLE & Co.

Es. S. E. "Prin."

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S KID GLOVES, Billiard CLOTH.

Gentlemen's Twill SHIRTS, (now styles), WESTBANDS.

A large parcel of Black SILKS, bought very cheap.

Muslin trimmed and Lace COLLARS and CUFFS.

Gold COORD, UMBRELLAS.

SAYLE & Co.

Hongkong, 31st January, 1871.

BREAKFAST CLARET FOR FAMILY OR MESS USE.

125 BOTTLES OF VERY GOOD BREAKFAST CLARET.

Selected by the undersigned, may be had for \$24.

G. DUBOIS & Co.

3rd 855 Hongkong, 31st May, 1871.

FOR SALE.

ONE 3 H.P. Horizontal Steam ENGINE, with Boiler and Mountings, complete.

Two ABRAHAM PRINTING PRESSES.

One large Rolling MACHINE.

A Small Rolling MACHINE.

One Self-acting SAW BENCH, complete, with one Saw.

One vertical DRILL.



